STATE OF UTAH

Office of Recovery Services



2006

FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DATA MATCHING PROGRAM



State of Utah

Department of Human Services JON M. HUNTSMAN, JR.

Governor

GARY R. HERBERT Lieutenant Governor

LISA-MICHELE CHURCH Executive Director

MARK L. BRASHER
Director
Office of Recovery Services

Dear Utah Financial Institutions:

Thank you for your participation in the Financial Institution Data Match (FIDM) program. The purpose of this packet is to inform you of the FIDM requirements, timelines and recent changes. I look forward to working with you in the FIDM program.

Inside, you will find the FIDM Agreement and necessary forms. Please read through this information and decide which submission method works best for your institution. These documents should help answer questions you may have concerning the program and prepare you for the implementation phase. I have also included the specification layouts and data requirements for each matching method.

The Office of Recovery Services prefers that the majority of institutions implement a File Transfer Protocol (FTP) data transfer method because this is the most economical, simple and secure method of data transmission. Other methods for submitting the information are also included in the Financial Data Match Specifications Handbook. Please review the enclosed Financial Data Match Specifications Handbook for details regarding available methods of submission for transfer of data.

Also, note that each institution is required to complete and return the FIDM Agreement and necessary forms. As part of changes made in 2006, the FIDM agreement now has a three year term. If your institution retains a new vendor or merges with another institution within the three year period, your institution will be required to complete a new FIDM Agreement.

Again, thank you for your participation in the Financial Institution Data Match Program. The Utah FIDM program has proven to be an effective means of recovering court-ordered child support for Utah's children. Nationally, the continued cooperation of financial institutions results each quarter in many thousands of matches and account seizures leading to substantial support collections for children. If you have any questions about the program, please contact me.

Sincerely,

Jessica Castor FIDM Program Specialist Office of Recovery Services orsfidm@utah.gov (801) 536-8902

STATE OF UTAH

OFFICE OF RECOVERY SERVICES CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DATA MATCHING PROGRAM

INFORMATIONAL HANDBOOK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1:	Agency Overview	2
	Mission	2
	Collection Statistics	3
Section 2:	Common FIDM Questions	4
Section 3:	FTP Information	7
	Password Information	8
Section 4:	FIDM Agreement	9
	Transmittal Methods	10
	Costs and Fees	11
	FM02 Form (Manual Transmittal)	13
	FM01 Form (Reimbursement Request)	14
Section 5:	State and Federal Laws	15
Section 6:	ORS Contact Information	20

Office of Recovery Services Agency Overview

The Office of Recovery Services (ORS) is an agency located within the Utah Department of Human Services. The office was established as a state program in the 1970s, and became the designated state child support enforcement office in 1976. The enabling Federal legislation for this was Title IV-D of the Social Security Act (passed by Congress in 1975).

The Office of Recovery Services administers Child Support Services, Children in Care Collections and Medicaid Collections programs.

ORS Child Support Services offices are located in Ogden, Layton, Salt Lake City, Provo, Richfield and St. George with Children in Care and Medicaid Collections programs located in Salt Lake City.

As of early 2006, Utah has **78,000** Child Support (IV-D) and Children in Care (IV-E) cases. There are **232,000** participants on these cases receiving services. Services to recover Medicaid expenditures are provided on **28,000** Medicaid collection cases. **ORS serves over 110,000 children annually.**

For more information: http://www.ors.utah.gov

ORS Mission

The mission of the Office of Recovery Services (ORS) is: to serve children and families by promoting independence through responsible parenthood, and to ensure public funds are used appropriately. This reduces costs to public assistance programs.

ORS works with parents, employers, federal, state and private agencies, professional associations, community advocates, the legal profession and other stakeholders and customers in an efficient and courteous manner. ORS works within the bounds of state and federal laws and limited resources to provide:

- Services on behalf of children and families in obtaining financial and medical support, through locating parents, establishing paternity and support obligations, and enforcing those obligations when necessary.
- Services to reimburse the state for costs of supporting children placed in its care or custody, by obtaining financial and medical support, through locating parents, establishing paternity and support obligations, and enforcing those obligations when necessary.

 Collection of medical reimbursement from responsible third parties to both reimburse and avoid state Medicaid costs.

Office of Recovery Services Collection Statistics

- ORS collected over \$184.2 million in FY2005, representing an increase of 5.0% from the previous year.
- Child support collections totaled \$157.9 million.
 - o \$133.6 million were distributed to children and families.
 - \$18.9 million were distributed to reimburse state and federal governments.
 - o **\$5.4 million** were returned to the Department of Human Services on behalf of children in State's care.
 - o \$22.0 million were collected for Medicaid.
 - o \$1.9 million were collected for other programs.
 - \$560 thousand were collected directly from the FIDM program.



Financial Institutions and Child Support

COMMON FIDM QUESTIONS

1. What does FIDM stand for?

Financial Institution Data Match Program

The FIDM program stems from Federal legislation passed in 1996, which requires state child support agencies to enter into agreements with financial institutions and to automate to the greatest extent possible. Additional legislation in 1998 simplified the process for multi-state financial institutions doing business in more than one state. Although the procedures for data match with single-state and multi-state financial institutions differ, the requirements are identical.

Each state is responsible for identifying and matching data with single-state financial institutions. To accomplish this, states conduct outreach to financial institutions and provide guidance.

The Office of Recovery Services (ORS) is authorized by Utah law UCA 62A-11-304.1 to impose liens and levy (attach and seize) upon money and property held in financial institutions to satisfy past-due child support obligations recorded on the Utah State Case Registry (ORSIS computer system). ORS is authorized to levy upon the money even if the non-custodial parent is making regular current and/or arrears support payments. Generally, ORS will only levy upon savings and other types of savings depository accounts, such as retirement accounts and mutual funds.

Under Federal law at 42 U.S.C. 666(a)(17), ORS is required to implement and maintain a data match system with financial institutions for locating the assets of child support debtors. ORS conducts data matching with various in-state and out-of-state financial institutions.

To levy upon a non-custodial parent's financial assets, ORS sends a "Notice of Lien-Levy" (forms NLLS or NLLC) to the financial institution, such as a bank or credit union. The financial institution is required to freeze the account and send the money to ORS after 21 calendar days unless it receives a release from ORS or from a court. ORS may release all or part of the funds if the lien-levy action has been contested and a determination has been made that some or all of the funds are exempt from levy.

2. Will the Office of Recovery Services reimburse financial institutions for the cost of the match incurred by the financial institution?

Under UCA 62A-11-304.5(2), ORS is authorized to pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for compliance with this law. The fee may not exceed the actual cost incurred. ORS has established a maximum fee reimbursement of \$150.00 per quarter. To receive the reimbursement institutions may submit a FIDM FM01 form.

3. When does the financial institution send in the FM01 form for reimbursement?

Each financial institution submits the FM01 form within 30 days of the end of each quarter. If ORS receives the FM01 form after 30 days, the request will be denied.

4. Who is subject to financial information matching and reporting under Utah Law?

(a) a depository institution as defined in Section 7-1-103 or the Federal Deposit Insurance Act,

12 U.S.C. SEC. 1813(c);

(b) an institution-affiliated party as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec.

1813(u);

- (c) any federal credit union or state credit union as defined in the Federal Credit Union Act. 12
- U.S.C. Sec. 1752, including an institution-affiliated party of such a credit union as defined in

12 U.S.C. Sec. 1786 (r);

- (d) a broker-dealer as defined in Section 61-1-13; or
- (e) any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market mutual

fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state.

5. What information must be submitted by financial institutions subject to the reporting requirements of the law?

Utah law at UCA 62A-11-304.5(1)(a)(ii) requires every financial institution each calendar quarter to provide the name, record address, Social Security number, other taxpayer identification number, or other identifying information for any person who owes child support who maintains an account at the institution. This information must be reported quarterly for all new, existing and closed accounts during the reporting quarter. The data layouts and methods for submitting the information are included in the specification handbook.

6. What Data Transfer Methods are available to financial institutions?

Institutions may report using an electronic data mover (File Transfer Protocol), magnetic medium (3490E cartridge) or manual reporting. The methods are as follows:

METHOD 1: (All Accounts Method)

Institutions/Service Providers may elect to submit to (ORS), on a quarterly basis, a file identifying all open accounts. Every institution electing this option must submit a file each quarter of all accounts to be matched against the ORS data files.

ORS will then send a data file within 30 days back to the institution or service agent with a list of "hits" for those obligors/account holders that matched.

The institution/service agent must then return a file within 30 days of "B" Record (see p.7-9 in the FIDM Specifications Handbook) for each matched account.

METHOD 2: (Matched Accounts Method)

Institutions/Service Providers may elect to match files supplied by ORS, on a quarterly basis (and within 30 days of receiving ORS' file) against all accounts maintained at that institution. Institutions electing this option must report information required by ORS on all accounts at the institution maintained by obligors/account holders on ORS' inquiry file.

MANUAL:

Those institutions which have 600 or fewer accounts may elect to submit quarterly a manual match of all open accounts. The data must meet all specifications regarding identifying data required as explained in the Financial Institution Specifications Handbook.

7. Do I need to sign a FIDM Agreement every year?

No. As part of the ORS changes for 2006, institutions will no longer be required to sign an agreement every year. The FIDM Agreement will now be effective for three years.

FILE TRANSFER PROTOCOL (FTP)

In order to participate using the FTP method:

- 1. You must have a web browser which can run "Secure Sockets Layer" (SSL).
- 2. You must provide ORS with an IP address for the machine or machines which will be used in the data exchange.
- 3. After the FIDM contract has been signed, the FIDM Program Specialist will issue each institution a logon ID and a password designed for each individual institution.

This method will be easier, faster and more secure for everyone involved. FTP is available now for all institutions.

PASSWORD INFORMATION

User IDs and passwords protect the integrity of secure information and provide authentication, control and access. The combination of a user ID and password provide individual user validation that the person is authorized to access the system or device.

What is Information Security?

Information security is a combination of policies and procedures designed to protect equipment, information/data and applications from unauthorized disclosure, modification or loss. Advances in technology and the widespread use of personal computers have made it easier for more people to access and manipulate information. In order to ensure that all member information is transferred safely, please keep the following guidelines in mind:

- Be aware of the visibility of data on your PC or Terminal Screen.
- Be aware of unauthorized persons in your work area.
- Do not tape passwords to desks, walls or terminals. Commit yours to memory.
- Passwords should be changed at least every ninety days.
- Employees no longer employed or on contract must be removed from all systems and their user ID and password changed.
- Passwords should never be sent in clear text. This includes e-mail, chat, instant messaging or any other non-secure form of information transfer.
- User IDs and passwords should never be shared with anyone, including administrative assistants, coworkers, family members, local network administrator, your boss or secretaries.
- All passwords should be treated as sensitive and confidential information.

How does my Financial Institution receive the new password each quarter?

The FIDM Program Coordinator will contact the authorized contact person for your Institution directly with the new password each quarter. Passwords should never be sent in clear text. This includes e-mail, chat, instant messaging or any other non-secure form of information transfer.

If you forget your password please contact the FIDM Program Specialist at (801) 536-8902.

STATE OF UTAH

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES Office of Recovery Services Child Support Services

PURPOSE:

This agreement is between the Utah State Department of Human Services, Office of
Recovery Services/Child Support Services, herein after referred to as ORS, and,
, herein after referred to as the Financial
Institution. This Agreement establishes requirements to be met by the ORS and the
Financial Institution, pursuant to Utah Code Annotated 62A-11-304.5 and section
466(a)(17) of the Social Security Act, for the purpose of developing and operating a data
match system. The Financial Institution shall participate in the automated exchange of
data by providing, on a quarterly basis, identifying information for each non-custodial
parent who maintains an account at such institution and who owes past-due support, as
identified by the ORS. The automated data exchange system will be implemented and
managed through the child support enforcement program of the ORS and/or its authorized
agent.

Financial Institution agrees to the following:

- 1. Submit the required data quarterly using one of the approved methods.
- 2. Submit for reimbursement based on incurred cost using the reimbursement request form.
- 3. Contact the ORS FIDM Program Specialist with any questions or concerns.
- 4. Protect the confidentiality of any data/information supplied to the financial institution by ORS.

Office of Recovery Services/Child Support Services agrees to the following:

- 1. Maintain an FTP site and provide alternate options for receiving/submitting data to financial institutions.
- 2. Accept and process data received within 30 days.
- 3. Reimburse Financial Institution based on quarterly incurred cost.
- 4. Provide information as needed.

ACTION:

To participate, the *Financial Institution* should sign and return this Agreement within 30 days of receipt.

PARTIES TO THE AGREEMENT:

Jessica Castor			
FIDM Program Specialist	Contact Name		
Office of Recovery Services			
Agency	Institution Name		
PO Box 45033			
Address Address			
Salt Lake City, UT 84145-0033			
City State Zip	City	State	Zip
orsfidm@utah.gov			
E-mail Address	E-mail Addr	ess	
(801) 536-8902 (801) 536-8509			
Phone Fax	Phone	_	Fax

DATA ELEMENTS AND REQUIREMENTS:

All data supplied under this Agreement as required below shall be in accordance with the Financial Data Match Specifications Handbook. (Published September 2004).

TRANSMITTING METHODS:

The following are the accepted data transfer methods used by the *ORS*. Please indicate the type of data transfer method your institution will use.

	FTP	
	0	METHOD 1 (All accounts method)
	0	METHOD 2 (Matched Accounts method)
	0	IP Address
	3490E Ca	rtridges
	0	METHOD 1 (All accounts method)
	0	METHOD 2 (Matched Accounts method)
	NAANIIIAI	MATCH (600 accounts on favor)
Ш	MANUAI	L MATCH (600 accounts or fewer)
	0	METHOD 1

Those institutions electing to receive a 3490E cartridge will be required to return the data on a 3490E cartridge. Institutions are advised that the *ORS* will return all used tapes/cartridges to the initiating *Financial Institution*. The *ORS* will require the return of the *ORS* tapes/cartridges after the completion of each quarterly match. Retention of the used tapes/cartridges will result in a charge to the financial institution for the cost of the replacement.

AGENT:

	al Institution may designate an agent to perform the data match on its behalf g the information below.
Agent:	
Contact Person	on:
Title:	
Street Addre	ss:
Mailing Add	ress (if different)Telephone
Fax:	E-mail:
COSTS AN	O FEES:
Institution for actual costs of include programmer of the costs of include programmer of the costs of the cos	e with UCA 62A-11-304.5, the <i>ORS</i> may pay a reasonable fee to a <i>Financia</i> r compliance with this program. The reimbursement may not exceed the of the transference and matching of data. The reimbursement <u>does not</u> ramming costs and will not exceed \$150.00 per quarter. eive the FM01 Reimbursement form along with supporting documentation no later fter the end of the quarter. For example, first quarter reporting is from January to eimbursements need to be submitted to ORS before April 30 th . We will accept U.S mail or fax. Reimbursement requests that are received after the 30 days will read. If you have further questions regarding this process please refer to page 4 in mual or to your FIDM contract. Please send reimbursement requests attention to:
Attention:	Jessica Castor FIDM Program Specialist Office of Recovery Services PO Box 45033 Salt Lake City UT 84145-0033 Desk: (801) 536-8902 Fax: (801) 536-8509 E-mail: orsfidm@utah.gov
ADDITION	AL TERMS:
The Agreement the parties. If y	NT PERIOD: Effective Terminates on nt may be amended, waived or voided in writing at any time by mutual consent of your institution retains a new vendor or merges with another Institution within the od your institution will be required to complete a new FIDM Agreement.

SIGNATURES:

Financial Institution:			
Financial Institution N	ame		
Contact Signature	Title	Date	
Financial Institution S	Service Provider (If Applicable):		
Institution Name			
Agent Signature	Title	Date	
Office of Recovery Ser	rvices:		
Mark L. Brasher	Director, ORS	Date	
Tracy Graham	IV-D Director, ORS	Date	
Mike Tazelaar	Deputy Director, ORS	Date	
Jessica Castor	Financial Institution Program Specialist	Date	

Office of Recovery Services FIDM QUARTERLY TRANSMITTAL FORM INSTITUTIONS WITH 600 OR FEWER ACCOUNTS

INSTITUTIONS WITH 600 OR FEWER ACCOUNTS FOR MANUAL MATCHES ONLY

FM02

Rev. 5/06

Date Reported:		TIN#:
Institution Name:		
Address:		
Contact Person:		
Phone:	Fax:	E-mail:
Number of Accounts Rep	orted:	Hard Copy Attached:
Comments:		

Please return this form with each Quarterly Manual Match to:

Attention: **JESSICA CASTOR**

FIDM Program Specialist Office of Recovery Services

PO BOX 45033

Salt Lake City UT 84145-0033

(801) 536-8902 Fax: (801) 536-8509

E-mail: orsfidm@utah.gov

Financial Institution Reimbursement Request

Rev 5/06

State of Utah

Department of Human Services
Office of Recovery Services
FM01

D ' 1	
Reimbursement request date:	
*NOTE: Reimbursement requests must be submitted with a greater and after the	
the quarter. Reimbursement requests received after the Quarter in which cost was incurred: (check one)	ms period win not be paid.
1 st Quarter: 2 nd Quarter: 3 rd Quarter:	A th Quarter:
(Jan, Feb, Mar) (Apr, May, June) (July, Aug, Se	
(July, 1 co, 14 at) (11p1, 14 ay, Julic) (July, 14 ag, 50	(Oct, Nov, Dec)
Institution Name	TIN/EIN
Address	Telephone
Institution Contact Name	Telephone
Service Agent Name	TIN/EIN
Address	Telephone
Service Agent Contact Name	Telephone
Service Agent's Signature: (person authorized to request Date:	t reimbursement match)
Date.	Actual Cost of Match: \$
	* NOTE: ORS WILL REIMBURSE UP TO \$150 PER QUARTER
Date Approved Approved by	Date to Financial Sys.

What is FIDM? Overview Federal Legislative Authority

Public Law 104-193

Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA), provides new enforcement remedies for child support. Among these remedies are Section 466(a)(17) of the Social Security Act (the Act) which requires states to establish procedures under which the state child support enforcement (IV-D) agency enters into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state for the purpose of securing information leading to the enforcement of child support orders. The state shall develop and operate, in coordination with financial institutions, a data match system in which each financial institution will provide quarterly the name, record address, Social Security number or other taxpayer identification number for each noncustodial parent who maintains an account at such institution and who owes past-due support. The state supplies the name and Social Security number or other taxpayer identification numbers. These procedures must provide for automated data exchanges to the maximum extent feasible.

The state child support agency establishes procedures to identify cases subject to the data match and to any subsequent attachment/lien and levy action. Financial institutions subject to the matching provision are required to encumber or surrender the assets of the delinquent obligor held by the institution in response to the notice of attachment/lien and levy from the state agency. The attachment/lien and levy action is subject to the laws of the state where the asset is located.

The data matches are conducted by either of the following two methods using data specifications. Under Method 1 (all accounts method), the financial institution submits a file containing all open accounts which is matched by the state against records of delinquent obligors. Under Method 2 (matched accounts method), the financial institution receives a file identifying delinquent obligors, matches the file against its open accounts and submits a file of any matched records to the state. Data specifications for Method 2 files and record layouts were approved by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB Control No: 0970-0196) on March 5, 1999. The same data specifications have been universally adopted for Method 1.

Section 466(a)(17)(B) of the Act establishes that the state child support agency may pay a reasonable fee to institutions conducting the data match, not to exceed the actual costs incurred by the institution. Some states have written into their legislation the option to reimburse financial institutions for conducting the data match with accounts of delinquent child support obligors.

Pursuant to Section 466(a)(17)(C) of the Act, a financial institution will not be liable under any federal or state law to any person for (1) any disclosure of data match information to the state IV-D agency or its designated representative, (2) encumbering or surrendering any assets held by a financial institution in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the state IV-D agency or (3) any other action taken in good faith to comply with the requirements of Section 466(a)(17) of the Act.

Public Law 105-200

Public Law 105-200, the Child Support Performance and Incentive Act of 1998, amended PRWORA to better facilitate the data match for multi-state financial institutions (MSFIs); i.e., those operating in two or more states. Public Law 105-200 authorizes the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement to act as the conduit between states and territories and the MSFIs in the development and implementation of a centralized, quarterly data match program for the collection of child support delinquencies. Multi-state financial institutions may opt to match through the Federal OCSE or with the individual states in which they do business. Beginning in July 1999, OCSE began distributing the national file of delinquent obligors to the MSFIs for matching using Method 2. OCSE began distributing match information to state IV-D agencies in August 1999.

Public Law 106-102

Traditional insurance products, such as annuities and whole life policies, are not specifically included in the definition of account under Public Law 104-193 though they may be reportable to a particular state under its own statute. The banking reform bill leaves the regulation of the business of the insurance industry under the laws and regulations of the states.

PRWORA required states to establish procedures under which their child support enforcement agencies would enter into agreements with financial institutions for the purpose of securing information leading to the enforcement of child support orders. All states have passed the necessary statutes to comply with this requirement. These statutes are similar to the federal statute in defining the financial institutions, and accounts subject to the match and providing other pertinent information relevant to conducting the data match.

In addition, states have laws, policies and procedures that govern the execution of liens and levies. These usually establish parameters, define terms and establish procedures. Items addressed usually include lien threshold, lien duration and due process.

What is FIDM? Freeze/Seize Process In-State Processing

State Legislative Authority

States have statutes that govern the execution of liens and levies. These statutes usually establish parameters, define terms and establish procedures. Items addressed usually include:

- ✓ Lien threshold- the amount that the lien-eligible debt must equal or exceed before lien is issued.
- ✓ Arrearage debt the sum of child support arrears.
- ✓ Lien duration the time period the lien is in effect.
- ✓ Due Process- the right to notice of the lien and to appeal.

Utah Laws governing child support liens and levies is located at UCA 62A-11-304.1

Statutory Authority

Utah Code Annotated 62A-11-304.1 states:

- "(1) The office may, without the necessity of initiating an adjudicative proceeding or obtaining an order from any other judicial or administrative tribunal, take the following actions related to the establishment of paternity or the establishment, modification, or enforcement of a support order, and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of other states to take the following actions:
- ...(b) subpoena financial or other information needed to establish, modify, or enforce a support order, including:
- . . .(ii) information held by financial institutions on such things as the assets and liabilities of a person who owes or is owed support;
- ...(h) secure assets to satisfy past-due support by:
- ...(ii) attaching and seizing assets of an obligor held in financial institutions;
- ...(2) (a) When taking action under Subsection (1), the office shall send notice under this Subsection (2)(a) to the person or entity who is required to comply with the action if not a party to a case receiving IV-D services. The notice shall include:
 - (i) the authority of the office to take the action;
 - (ii) the response required by the recipient;
- (iii) the opportunity to provide clarifying information to the office under Subsection (2)(b);
- (iv) the name and telephone number of a person in the office who can respond to inquiries; and
 - (v) the protection from criminal and civil liability extended under Subsection (7).
- (b) The recipient of a notice sent under Subsection (2)(a) shall promptly comply with the terms of the notice and may, if the recipient believes the office's request is in error, send clarifying information to the office setting forth the basis for the recipient's belief.
- . . .(4) The office may impose a penalty against an entity for failing to provide information requested in a subpoena issued under Subsection (1) as follows:
 - (a) \$25 for each failure to provide requested information; or

- (b) \$500 if the failure to provide requested information is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the obligor to not supply the requested information or to supply false or incomplete information.
- (5) (a) Unless a court or administrative agency has reduced past-due support to a sum certain judgment, the office shall provide concurrent notice to an obligor in accordance with Section **62A-11-304.4** of:
- (i) any action taken pursuant to Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B), (l)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or Subsection **62A-11-304.5**(1)(b) if Subsection (5)(b)(iii) does not apply; and
- (ii) the opportunity of the obligor to contest the action and the amount claimed to be past-due by filing a written request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office within 15 days of notice being sent.
- (b) (i) Upon receipt of a notice of levy from the office for an action taken pursuant to Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B), (1)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or Subsection **62A-11-304.5**(1)(b), a person in possession of personal property of the obligor shall:
- (A) secure the property from unauthorized transfer or disposition as required by Section **62A-11-313**; and
- (B) surrender the property to the office after 21 days of receiving the notice unless the office has notified the person to release all or part of the property to the obligor.
 - (ii) Unless released by the office, a notice of levy upon personal property shall be:
 - (A) valid for 60 days; and
- (B) effective against any additional property which the obligor may deposit or transfer into the possession of the person up to the amount of the levy.
- (iii) If the property upon which the office imposes a levy is insufficient to satisfy the specified amount of past-due support and the obligor fails to contest that amount under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), the office may proceed under Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B), (1)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or Subsection 62A-11-304.5(1)(b) against additional property of the obligor until the amount specified and the reasonable costs of collection are fully paid.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(iii), the office may not disburse funds resulting from action requiring notice under Subsection (5)(a)(i) until:
 - (i) 21 days after notice was sent to the obligor; and
- (ii) the obligor, if he contests the action under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), has exhausted his administrative remedies and, if appealed to a district court, the district court has rendered a final decision.
- (d) Before intercepting or seizing any periodic or lump-sum payment under Subsection (1)(h)(i)(A), the office shall:
 - (i) comply with Subsection **59-10-529**(2)(a); and
- (ii) include in the notice required by Subsection **59-10-529**(2)(a) reference to Subsection (1)(h)(i)(A).
- (e) If Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(d) does not apply, an action against the real or personal property of the obligor shall be in accordance with Section **62A-11-312.5**.
- (6) All information received under this section is subject to Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- (7) No employer, financial institution, public utility, cable company, insurance organization, its agent or employee, or related entity may be civilly or criminally liable for providing information to the office or taking any other action requested by the office pursuant to this section.

(8) The actions the office may take under Subsection (1) are in addition to the actions the office may take pursuant to Part 4, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases."

UCA 62A-11-304.5 states:

- "(1) The office shall enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state:
- (a) to develop and operate, in coordination with such financial institutions, a data match system that:
 - (i) uses automated data exchanges to the maximum extent feasible; and
- (ii) requires a financial institution each calendar quarter to provide the name, record address, social security number, other taxpayer identification number, or other identifying information for each obligor who:
 - (A) maintains an account at the institution; and
- (B) owes past-due support as identified by the office by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number; and
- (b) to require a financial institution upon receipt of a notice of lien to encumber or surrender assets held by the institution on behalf of an obligor who is subject to a child support lien in accordance with Section **62A-11-304.1**.
- (2) The office may pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for compliance with Subsection (1)(a), which may not exceed the actual costs incurred.
- (3) A financial institution may not be liable under any federal or state law to any person for any disclosure of information or action taken in good faith under Subsection (1).
- (4) The office may disclose a financial record obtained from a financial institution under this section only for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing, modifying, or enforcing a child support obligation.
- (5) If an employee of the office knowingly, or by reason of negligence, discloses a financial record of an individual in violation of Subsection (4), the individual may bring a civil action for damages in a district court of the United States as provided for in the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 669A.
- (6) The office shall provide notice and disburse funds seized or encumbered under this section in accordance with Section **62A-11-304.1**."

UCA 62A-11-313 states:

- "(1) After receiving notice that a support lien has been filed under this part by the office, no person in possession of any property which may be subject to that lien may pay over, release, sell, transfer, encumber, or convey that property to any person other than the office, unless he first receives:
 - (a) a release or waiver thereof from the office; or
- (b) a court order that orders release of the lien on the basis that the debt does not exist or has been satisfied.
- (2) Whenever any such person has in his possession earnings, deposits, accounts, or balances in excess of \$100 over the amount of the debt claimed by the office, that person may, without liability under this part, release that excess to the obligor."

Office of Recovery Services Contact Information

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CONTACTS:

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